# **Easier Landscaping and Gardening**

Updated 10/16/2019

Tips for designing and adapting your garden to prevent hassles, aches and injuries.

- Use continuous, solid edging between plant beds and lawns.
  - Limits weeds from growing into plant beds
  - o Increases ease of edging with a blade edger or weed eater
- Design landscape plantings to minimize open mulched areas
  - Reduces space where weeds will grow
- Plant perennial plants that will last multiple seasons in plant beds
  - Reduces the need to install new plants every growing season
- Use raised beds (maximum 4 ft. wide), containers, or vertical gardening methods
  - Reduces bending over
  - o Reduces weeds and ground-level pests
- Use the right equipment for the job:
  - Use tools sized for YOUR hands, keep wrists straight
  - Use braces or tools with arm support to stabilize or grip, if needed
  - Keep tools sharp
  - Use a PVC pipe and a kitchen funnel to make a stand-up seeder
  - Use a 4-wheeled garden cart; don't over load it
  - When working at ground-level, use garden kneelers or low seats
- Raking, cultivating, hoeing, shoveling:
  - Use a wide stance
  - Keep your back straight (not stooped), aligned (not twisted)
  - Use digging tools with wide foot support
  - Use longer handled cultivators, hoes, and rakes when working the ground (~57"+)
  - When cultivating or hoeing use push-pull motion (not chopping motion)
  - Use add-on handles for more lifting leverage and wrist stabilization
  - Alternate standing stance (Left side-Right side)

#### When gardening with low vision/blindness:

- Keep tools together and easy to move
- Use a tactile grid on garden beds
- Use a notched piece of wood for a tactile row-maker and seed spacer
- Keep a weatherproof radio on to help locate starting point
- Walking surfaces should be even and provide traction
- Use plants with scent, taste, or tactile interest
- Avoid plants that are sharp or irritating to touch
- Yellow, white, and blue are easiest to see for those with low vision
- Use rope as a guide to garden areas

#### • Use easier irrigation methods:

- Short coil-type garden hoses
- Tree drip-irrigation bags to establish new trees/shrubs
- Micro-irrigation systems (use with a timer that attaches to hose faucet)

#### Reduce the physical stress of gardening:

- Stretch before and after gardening (see last page)
- Alternate gardening activities frequently
- Sit down frequently
- DRINK WATER FREQUENTLY- bring it outside with you
- o Set a timer to remind you to switch activities, stances, or take breaks
- o For emergency situations, keep a phone with you, and any critical medications or devices you may need (inhaler, epi-pen, etc.).

### • Wear the right gardening gear:

- o Gloves- should allow comfortable movement and circulation
- Shoes- should provide insect protection, proper soles, arch support, good traction
- Hats- sun protection for face/neck, air flow
- Eye-protection- wear comfortable safety glasses when pruning, weed-eating, weeding shrub beds, etc.
- o Pants/Shirts- should be loose-fitting, stretchy, and quick-drying. Should protect from sun, insects, thorns.

#### **Adaptive Gardening Supplies**

• Comfort House (raised garden beds, adaptive aids, etc.)

www.comforthouse.com

 ArthritisSupplies.com (Peta tools, grip aids, etc. See "around the house" link for garden tools.)

www.arthritissupplies.com

Wolf Garten (long-handled tools)
wolfgarten.us

• eziMate (add-on tool handles)

www.ezimateusa.com

Active Hands (hand grip aids, other adaptive aids)

www.activehands.com

• Foxgloves Inc. (garden gloves)

foxglovesinc.com

Predator Tools (digging tools)

www.predatortools.com

• Fiskars (long-handled and ergonomic tools)

www2.fiskars.com

Hoss Tools (specialty tools)

hosstools.com

• Gardener's Supply Company (gardening supplies)

www.gardeners.com



## BEFORE & GARDENING

#### ApproximAtely 4 minutes

